TOPEKA TRIBUNE.

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TOPEKA, KANSAS, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1893.

Conceived in the Iniquity of Republican Rule

And Brought to Life by Corporation Money,

Held High Carnival in Our State Capital.

KANSAS TREMBLES. LIBERTY WEEPS,

While Justice Waits on Treason and on Murder.

Bloodshed is Only Averted by the Patriotism of the Governor and Populist Legislators.

Once more Kansas has assumed a warlike appearance and the past week has witnessed an insurrection at our capital that will mark another important epoch in the history of the state. What the outcome will be is not yet clear, but peace has been restored and every good citizen hopes it will remain. Most of the ADVOCATE readers have already a fair knowledge of these late events, and it is only necessary to recount them in detail and in a fair and impartial manner, that the public may understand the situation more fully and be able to retain the details. At this writings there are rumors of another attempt to overthrow the authority of the state, but there is nothing tangible to indicate that such a thing is intended.

TUESDAY.

On Tuesday, February 14, the republicans who had been lawlessly occupying Williams, of Ft. Scott, surrounded him representative hall to the annoyance of the regular house ever since the begin. The deputies walked as near as they ning of the session, became incensed at the slow progress they were making prisoner. In the meantime the republitoward overcoming the representatives of the people. Apparently fearing that the senate appropriation bill which had the Rich party arrived at the corner passed the house the evening before opposite that hostelry they were met by

morning formulating, and passed the one of them was knocked down by a fellowing resolution for the arrest of

WHEREAS, One Ben C. Rich has for a number of days last past and during the present session of this, the house of rep-resentatives, and in the presence of said house, continually interrupted the regular proceedings of the house by loud and boisterous language and unlawful and unusual noises, without legal excuse or justification, and without claim or pretense that the same was a part of or connected with the proceeding of the house of representatives, and such con-duct has been and still is being indulged and persisted in by said Ben C. Rich in open, malicuous and willful defiance and daxing of the rules and authority of the design of the rules and authority of the house of representatives; and

WHEREAS, Such conduct has greatly interrupted and interfered with the transaction of public business by this house, and has impeded and still impedes nec-essary legislation in the interest of the people of the state of Kansas, thereby bringing the authority and dignity of the house of representatives into dis-

respect; therefore be it

Resolved, That by the said action and conduct of the said Ben C. Rich, has been and is guilty of contempt of this house; and the speaker is hereby author-ized and directed to cause, said Ben C. Rich to be forthwith arrested by the sergeant-at-arms and brought before the bar of this house to show cause if any he have, why he should not be punished for such contempt, and that said Ben C. Rich be held in custody by said sergeant-at-arms, subject to the further order of the house of representatives.

ATTEMPT TO ARREST RICH.

Their sergeant-at-arms not being present, three of his deputies, Young, Clogston and Jordan, were given the order for Rich's arrest. They went to the Dutton House, where Rich was preparing for dinner, and made known their business. Rich answered that he did not recognize them as officers of the house of representatives, as they claimed to be, and refused to go with them. He then said that his duty would require him to go to the house after dinner and if they would wait they might go along. When he was ready to go he was accompanied by his wife, and after refusing to take the carriage the alleged officers offered him, started to walk. A number of his Populist friends, among whom were John W. Breidenthal, S. M. Scott, W. H. Ryan, Sergeant-at-arms Dick, D. M. Howard, P. N. Gish, J. F. Wilhts, and and walked along toward the state house. could to the man they wanted to take can house had adjourned to their headquarters at the Copeland hotel, and when

they agreed on a plan they had been all which they were roughly handled. After gentle tap from Ryan's fist, and the Chief Clerk Rich of the Populist house: others were twisted considerably out of shape, they retreated, and Rich went on to representative hall as if nothing unusual had happened. The house was called to order and proceeded with its regular order of business. Besides the passing of half a dozen bills the following resolution was introduced by Gest, of Jefferson:

WHEREAS, An attempt has been made to arrest the chief clerk of this house by an organized mob calling themselves the republican house of representatives, but which we believe to be in reality the Santa Fe railroad company; therefore

Resolved, That we, the legally organized and constitutional house of repre-sentatives, proclaim to the state of Kansas that the mob was foiled and that our flag is still there.

Enraged over the failure of their attempt to delay the lawful proceedings of the Populist house, the republicans grew more and more excited. During the afternoon they swore in over fifty sergeants-at-arms with R. B. Welch as chief, declaring to themselves that they would yet stop the proceedings of the Dunsmore house.

The regular house met this menacing movement with a resolution to exclude from the hall all but members of the house. The attempt to arrest their chief clerk was considered sufficient grounds to justify the Populists in preparing for further outrages, and the sergeant-atarms was instructed to keep out the deputies and other so-called officers of the republican house.

Several constables came to the house with justice warrants for Ryan, Breidenthal, Scott and Willits, who were charged with breaking the peace (defending Rich). These warrants were served between them and Wednesday night each of the defendants was released on bond. THE SHERIFF CALLED FOR.

Tuesday afterzoon the sheriff of Shawnee county received the following from the governor:

TOPEKA, KAS., February 14, 1893.

DEAR SIE:—Whereas, a body of armed and lawless men have this day attempted to arrest the chief clerk of the house of representatives, the Hon. Ben C. Rich; and whereas, there are rumors which seem to be well-founded that such lawless body of men now contemplate a second attempt to arrest said Rich and otherwise to become a menace to the peace and order of the state; now, there-fore, I hereby demand of you that you proceed at once to provide such peace officers as may be necessary for the preservation of the peace and safety of the state, and that such officers be at once stationed upon the capitol grounds and in the corridors of the capitol buildwould not, if tested in court, meet with the fate they had prayed for, they determined to do something more desperate to take their man in that direction, but than they had yet undertaken. At noon were met with very sturdy resistance in riot and all disorderly conduct, to the and

that the house of representatives may proceed undisturbed in the legitimate

performance of its duty.

Please advise me at once if these demands will be complied with.

L. D. LEWELLING.

Governor of Kansa

The sheriff also received the following from Speaker Dunsmore:

TOPEKA, KAS., February 14, 1893. M. Wilkerson, Sheriff of Shawnee County:

DEAR SIR:—I hereby call on you as sheriff of Shawnee county for sufficient force to preserve the peace and authority of the house of representatives. I am very truly yours, J. M. Dunsmore, very truly yours, J. M. Dunemore, Speaker of the house of representa-

The sheriff refused to comply with the demand of the governor and Populist speaker, and so notified them.

ALARMED ABOUT THE TREASURY.

In view of the fact that the senate had concurred in the amendments to the appropriation bill passed by the house, to pay all members and employes of the Populist house their salaries, the Dougless house passed the following:

Resolved, By the house of representatives of the state of Kansas that the treas urer of the state be and is hereby urer of the state be and is hereby admonished not to pay any public moneys under any pretended act of the legislature of this state passed by the body presided over by J. M. Dunsmore, and now pretending to be a house of representatives; and be it further

Resolved, That said state treasurer and his bondsmen will be held strictly responsible for any moneys so said out of

sponsible for any moneys so paid out of the public treasury, and under no cir-cumstances or conditions whatever will this house ever ratify, confirm or other-wise make good to said treasurer any such money so paid under said pretended anthority. authority.

WEDNESDAY.

The trouble was still growing. Wednesday morning there was a general apprehension on all sides. It was in the air that something was going to happen. Numerous conferences had been held during the night in the state offices, most of the interest centering between the executive and the adjutant general's office. The Populist members had held forth during the night in representative hall and had taken a recess for breakfast. Speaker Dunsmore and the sergeant-at-arms had given due notice that saide from members and reorters none but the o ployes of the Dunsmore house should be admitted. A guard of half a dozen men were stationed at the stairway leading to the front entrance of the hall, with instructions to direct the members to the rear entrance. The front doors were not locked. A few house employes were

THE ASSAULT.

About 8 o'clock a crowd of about 100 men and boys started from the Copeland hotel, and as they marched toward the state house their numbers increased. It was a vicious, determined (Continued on page 8.)